

Presentation OAO OGK-1 in Tokyo

October, 2008

Summary overview of the Company



- OGK-1's key activities are production and wholesale of electric power and insignificant supplies of heat power
- The Company comprises 6 thermal power plants (GRES) and is the largest OGK by installed electric power capacity – 9,531 MW
- All the Company's power plants are located in power deficit regions (IES of Urals and IES of Center) with the highest power consumption growth rates
- The Company operates one of the most advanced generating equipment in Russia:
 - ✓ Average age of the generating capacities – about 29 years
 - ✓ Average fuel consumption rate – about 330 gfe/kWh
- Highly efficient investment program and projects with high potential of further enhancement of the Company's competitive positions
- Currently, the largest shareholders of the Company are Federal Grid Company – 43% and RusHydro – 23% of OGK-1's Charter Capital.

OGK-1	2007
Production performance	
Electric power production	50.074 bn kWh
Heat power output	1,347 '000 GCal
Capacity load factor	60.0%
Fuel consumption rate	329.8 gfe/kWh
Financial performance ¹⁾	
Revenue	44,891 mln. RUR
EBITDA	4,455 mln. RUR
Net profit	1,966 mln. RUR



Note:

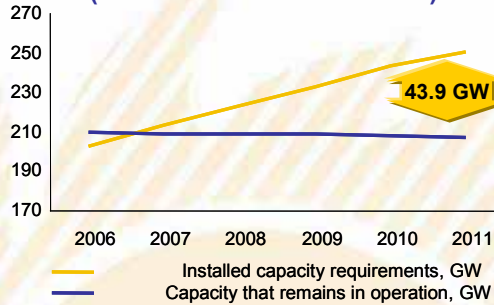
¹⁾ Based on 2007 IFRS numbers

Competitive advantages: Favorable geographical position

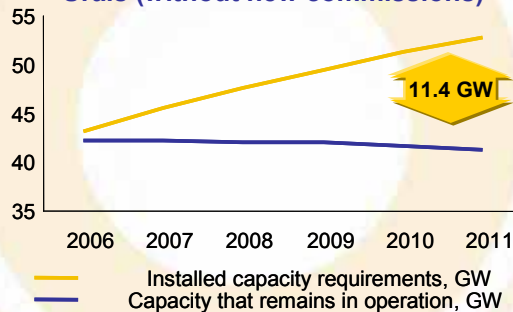
STRICTLY CONFIDENTIAL

- Integrated energy systems (IES) of Urals and Center together consume more than a half of the total electric power in Russia
- Both systems have been demonstrating accelerated economic development and power consumption growth
- Without new capacity construction, by 2011 both power systems will suffer the severest power shortages
- Power consumption growth and increase of deficit ensure strong demand for OGK-1's existing and new capacities

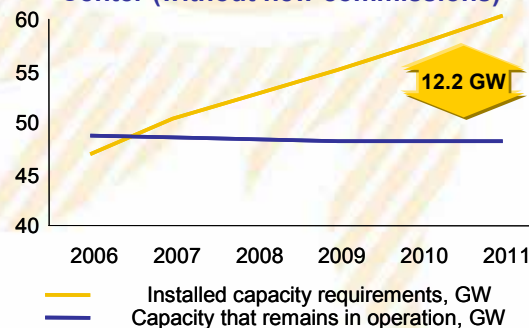
Russia power balance forecast (without new commissions)



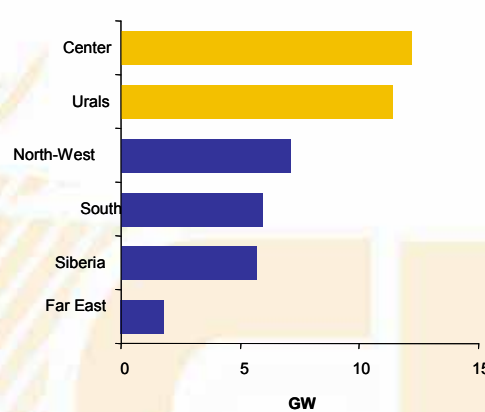
Power balance forecast in IES of Urals (without new commissions)



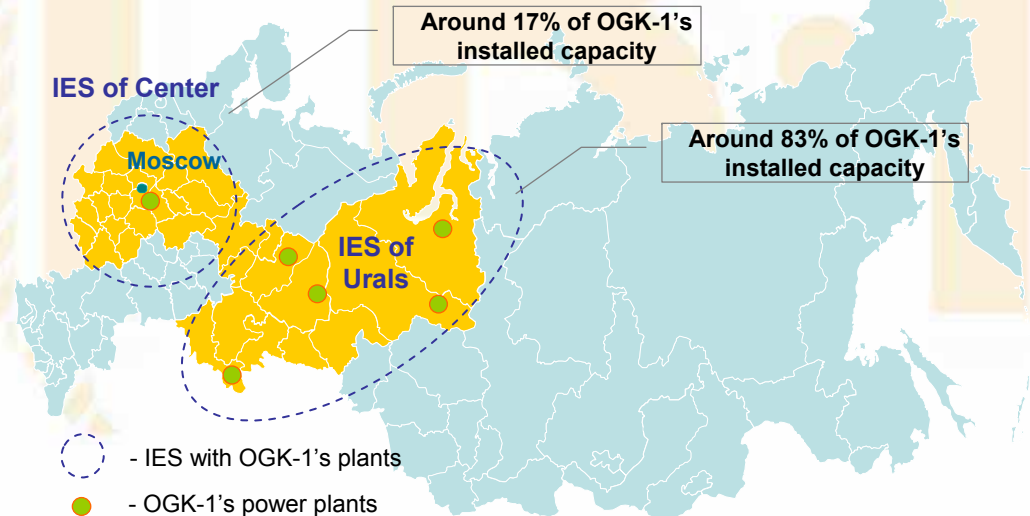
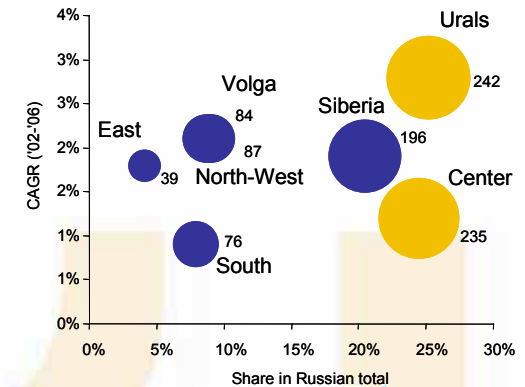
Power balance forecast in IES of Center (without new commissions)



Expected capacity deficit in 2011 (without new commissions)



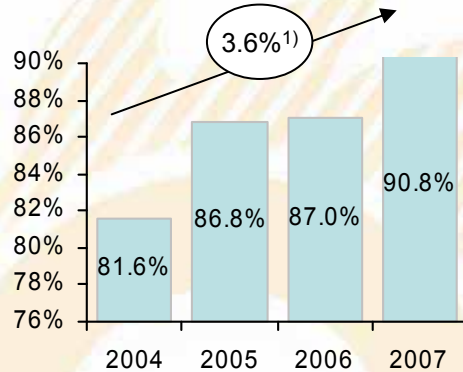
Growth rates and volumes of power consumption (bln kWh)



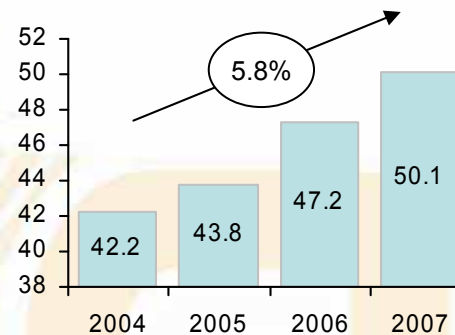
Competitive advantages: Efficient production assets

- OGK-1 has one of the most advanced generating capacity equipment in Russia
- The power plants of the Company have one of the highest fuel efficiency rates in Russia
- Over the past several years the Company has succeeded to ensure further increase in operating efficiency of its assets

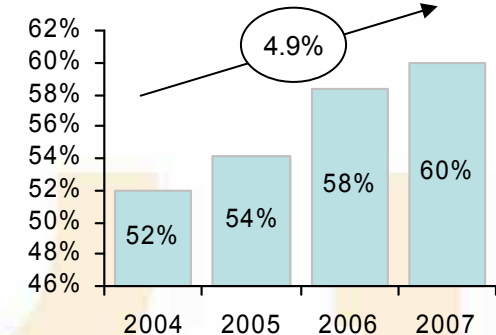
Availability rate of, %



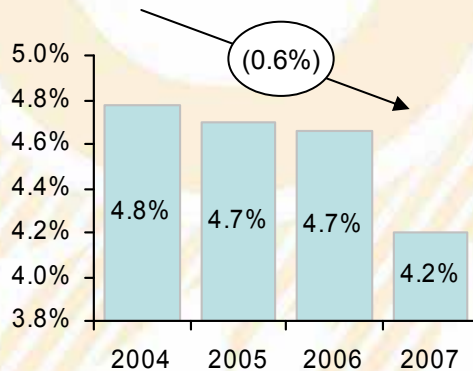
Electric power generation, bn kWh



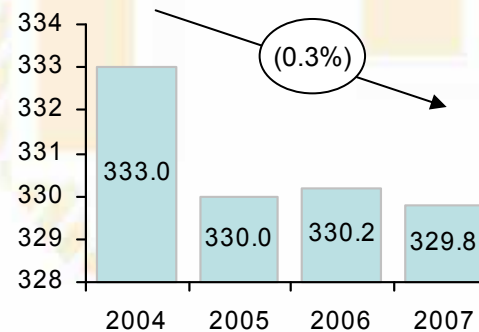
Load of installed capacity, %



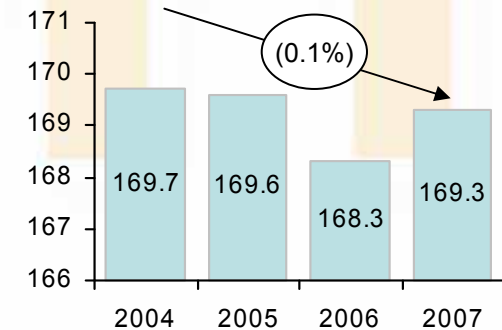
Own consumption and losses, %



Electricity fuel consumption, gfe/kWh



Heat fuel consumption, kgfe/GCal

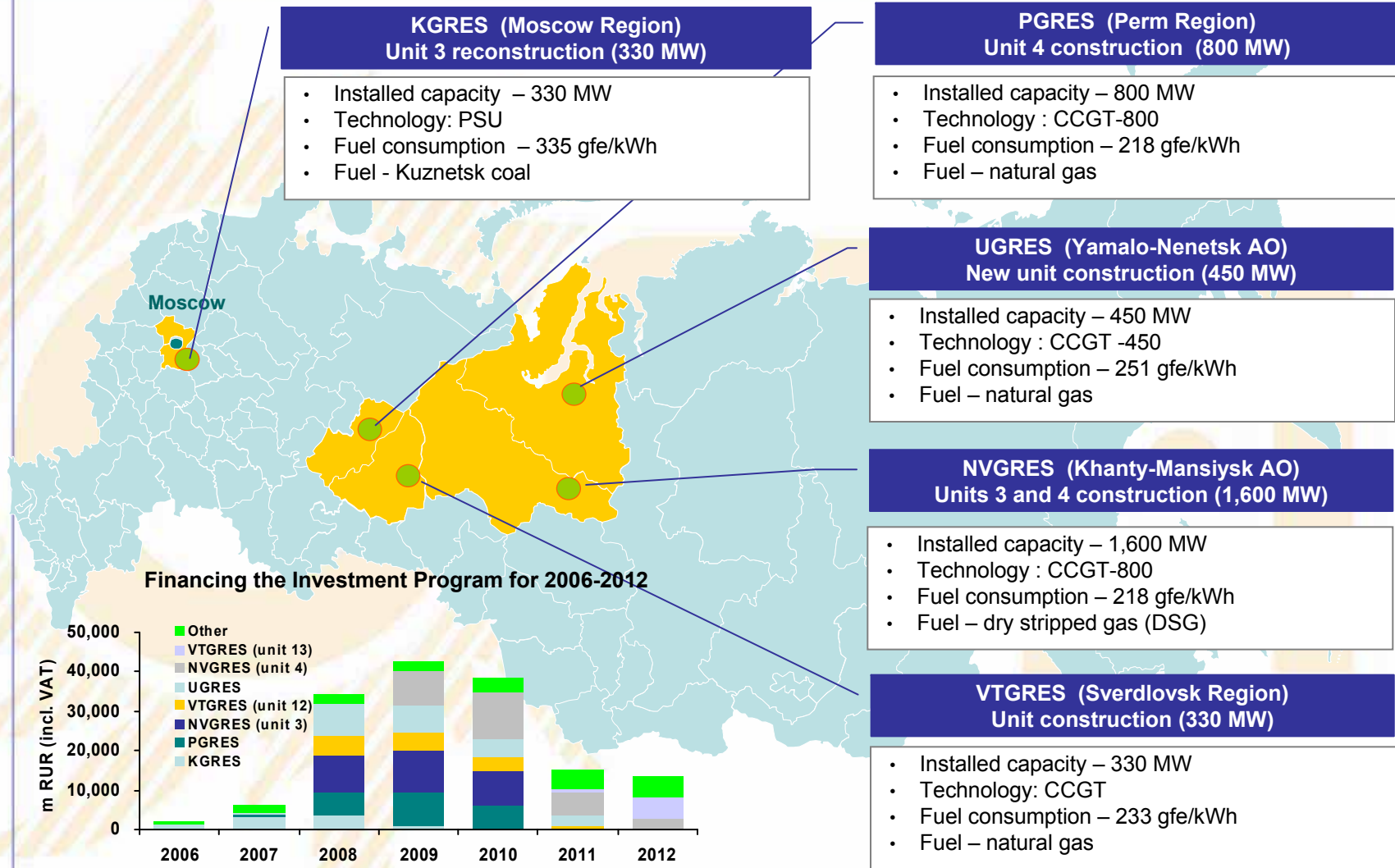


Note:

¹⁾ Hereinafter CAGR – compounded annual growth rate

Competitive advantages: Attractive investment platform

- Investment program of OGK-1¹⁾ is one of the largest in the industry in terms of planned new commissions
- Implementation of the investment projects will further strengthen OGK-1's competitive market positions
- The majority of the investment projects of OGK-1 was included by RAO UES in the list of priority and foremost

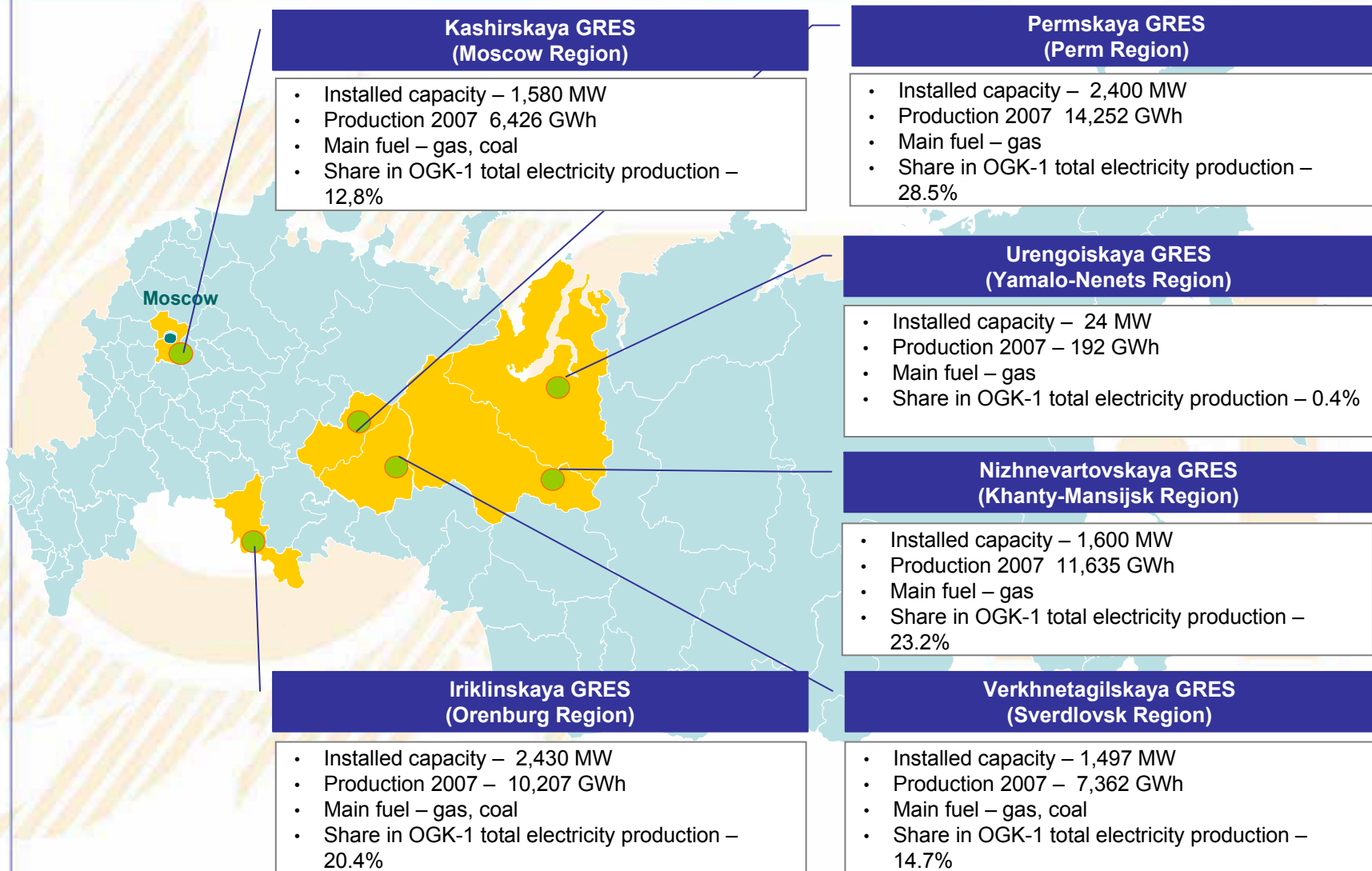


Note:

1) Hereinafter – the Investment Program was approved by the Management Board of RAO UES on 17.03.2008.

Overview of Company generating plants

- All the Company power plants are located in regions suffering from power shortages (Urals and Centre United Energy Systems) with the highest growth rates of electricity consumption



Highlights 2007

	Region	Commissioning of the first unit	Commissioning of the last unit	Electric Capacity Installed, MW	Heat capacity installed, Gcal/h	Load factor, %	Electricity production, million kWh	Fuel rate, gfe/kWh	Fuel gas / coal / oil
Total for OGK-1				9,531	2,788	60.0	50,075	330.2	92.0% / 7.3% / 0.7%
Irkliinskaya GRES	Orenburg	1970	1981	2,430	121	48.0	10,207	335.1	97.6% / - / 2.4%
Permskaya GRES	Perm	1986	1990	2,400	620	67.8	14,252	306.3	100 % / - / -
Nizhnevartovskaya GRES	Tyumen	1993	2003	1,600	758	83.0	11,635	303.4	100 % / - / -
Kashirskaya GRES	Moscow	1967	1983	1,580	399	46.4	6,426	352.1	73.6% / 24.9% / 1.5%
Verkhnetagilskaya GRES	Sverdlovsk	1956	1964	1,497	480	56.1	7,362	391.3	76.9% / 22.9% / 0.2%
Urengoiskaya GRES	Tyumen	1990	1992	24	410	91.2	192	434.6	100 % / - / -

Iriklinskaya GRES



- The key GRES for balancing power in the region at the peak hour
- Sizeable capacity with a wide regulation range and a hydro capacity
- Produces over 60% of electricity for Orenburg Region
- Considerable export potential upon development of export regulation

Characteristics	2007
Installed capacity (electricity)	2,430 MW
Installed capacity (heat)	121 Gcal/hour
Electricity generation	10,207 million kWh
Heat sales	114 '000 Gcal
Electricity for own consumption	3.9%
Availability factor	91.3%
Load factor for electricity	48.0%
Fuel rate for electricity	335.1 gfe/kWh
Configuration	8*300 MW + 30MW hydro
Location	Energetik village, Novoorski District, Orenburg Region



Permskaya GRES



- ❑ One of the most advanced and efficient power plants in Russia
- ❑ Located in the region suffering from power shortages while having a high consumption growth
- ❑ Proximity to major consumers: chemical plants and producers of nonferrous metals
- ❑ The lowest fuel rate versus competitors
- ❑ Flexible load with unloading in night hours
- ❑ One of key electricity producers in Urals and Volga United Energy Systems

Characteristics	2007
Installed capacity (electricity)	2,400 MW
Installed capacity (heat)	620 Gcal/h
Electricity generation	14,252 million kWh
Heat sales	290 '000 Gcal
Electricity for own consumption	3.0%
Availability factor	92.1%
Load factor for electricity	67.8%
Fuel rate for electricity	306.3 gfe/kWh
Configuration	3*800 MW
Location	Dobryanka village, Perm Region



Nizhnevartovskaya GRES



- High load in base mode
- Located in the centre of oil and gas province in Russia
- One of the regions most suffering from power shortages while having a high consumption growth
- Network capacity constraints limit power import to the region that experiences power shortage
- To secure gas supply, a long term contract with TNK-BP is planned to be signed

Characteristics	2007
Installed capacity (electricity)	1,600 MW
Installed capacity (heat)	758 Gcal/h
Electricity generation	11,635 million kWh
Heat sales	224 '000 Gcal
Electricity for own consumption	2,6%
Availability factor	89.0%
Load factor for electricity	83.0%
Fuel rate for electricity	303.4 gfe/kWh
Configuration	2*800 MW
Location	Izluchinsk village, Nizhnevartovsk District, Tyumen Region



Kashirskaya GRES



- Operates in condensing mode (units 1-6) and in combined mode (unit 7)
- Can use and switch among three types of fuel
- Alternative mode operations and supply of up to 20% of electricity in Moscow system
- Highly developed industries in the region
- Network capacity constraints limit power import to the region that experiences power shortage

Characteristics	2007
Installed capacity (electricity)	1,580 MW
Installed capacity (heat)	399 Gcal/h
Electricity generation	6,426 million kWh
Heat sales	351 '000 Gcal
Electricity for own consumption	6,1%
Availability factor	94.7 %
Load factor for electricity	46.4%
Fuel rate for electricity	352.1 gfe/kWh
Configuration	5*300 MW + 1*80 MW
Location	Kashira-2 town, Moscow Region



Verkhnetagilskaya GRES



- Operates in condensing and combined modes
- Can use and switch among three types of fuel
- Operates in a changing mode
- Major consumers and a potential for heat sales growth
- Gas amounts to 75% of fuel consumption while the cost of commercial gas is relatively low

Characteristics	2007
Installed capacity (electricity)	1,497 MW
Installed capacity (heat)	480 Gcal/h
Electricity generation	7,362 million kWh
Heat sales	233 '000 Gcal
Electricity for own consumption	7.6%
Availability factor	85.9%
Load factor for electricity	56.1%
Fuel rate for electricity	391,3 gfe/kWh
Configuration	4*88 MW + 2*100 MW + 2*165 MW + 3*205 MW
Location	Verkhni Tagil, Sverdlovsk Region



Urengoiskaya GRES



- The smallest of all the OGK power plants with 24 MW of installed capacity
- The only thermal power plant in Yamalo-Nenets Region. Operates in combined mode
- Operates in combined mode
- Network capacity constraints limit power import to the region that experiences power shortage
- Reserve capacity in the gas transmission system
- Sources of gas supply in immediate proximity to the power plant

Characteristics	2007
Installed capacity (electricity)	24 MW
Installed capacity (heat)	410 Gcal/h
Electricity generation	192 million kWh
Heat sales	134 '000 Gcal
Electricity for own consumption	7.7%
Availability factor	96.6 %
Load factor for electricity	91.2%
Fuel rate for electricity	434.6г/кВтч
Configuration	2*PT 12
Location	Novy Urengoi, Tuymen Region



Ecological statistics on OGK-1

Emissions of major pollutants by OGK-1 facilities into atmosphere, '000 tons

- In 2007 total emissions dropped by 16% year-on-year. In 2006 the aggregate amount of emissions was 14% lower than in 2004 but higher than that in 2005, which was due to significant growth in production volumes (by 8%) and increase in share of coal and fuel oil in the fuel structure
- Out of total volume of spent water (around 4,053.484 mln cub. m), 99.8% is cooling water that does not require treatment (standard quality water). Polluted wastewater account for less than 0.2%, of which 2.924 mln cub. m is treated at the Company's biological treatment facilities and 1.126 mln cub.m in mechanical facilities, 3.155 mln cub.m is not treated
- At Permskaya and Irikhinskaya power plants closed-loop water consumption technologies have been implemented. Those technologies eliminate any waste discharge into water bodies, except for wastewater treated according to the applicable environmental standards

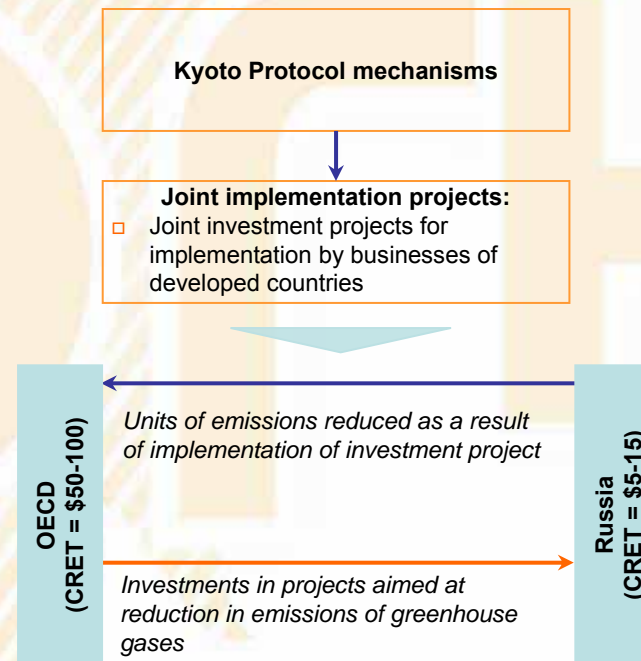
Characteristic	Unit of measure	Year			
		2004	2005	2006	2007
1. Gross emissions of pollutants into atmosphere, total, including:		112.098	81.568	96.123	84.400
Solid-fuel ashes	'000 tons	31.092	20.208	21.658	19.757
Gaseous/liquid effluents of which:	'000 tons	80.712	61.259	74.331	64.642
sulfur dioxide	'000 tons	35.911	18.657	27.754	18.365
carbon monoxide	'000 tons	4.385	3.509	3.583	2.647
nitrogen oxides	'000 tons	38.812	37.693	41.791	40.041
2. Specific emissions into atmosphere					
Ash (solid fuel)	kg/tfe				16.9
Sulfur dioxide	kg/tfe				1.5
Nitrogen oxides	kg/tfe				2.85
3. Water use for production purposes	mln cub.m	3,890.489	3,809.388	4,177.445	4,360.296
4. Volume of recycling water	mln cub.m	690.55	604.095	776.945	1,110.603
5. Volume of polluted wastewater discharged¹	mln cub.m	1.647	3.154	7.22	3.154

Note:

¹ – Discrepancy in amount of emissions between 2005 and 2006 is due to accounting method change

Kyoto Protocol implementation

- At present, the Company is considering opportunities for mobilizing, through the so-called “joint implementation projects” (Kyoto protocol mechanism), additional funds for investment projects aimed at:
 - Improving efficiency of electric power plants;
 - Reducing unit fuel consumption for production of electricity and heat
- Price of quotas under joint implementation projects will be ~ €7-8 per CO2 ton
- According to experts’ estimates, these funds may cover about 2% of the project’s cost



Note: OECD – organization of economic cooperation and development

CRET – cost of reduction of emissions by 1 metric ton

Joint implementation projects

To prepare for “joint implementation projects”, the Company:

- is preparing an inventory of greenhouse gases at all branches
- is preparing preliminary materials for registration of projects

Currently investment projects related to construction of new units at Permskaya, Verkhnetagilskaya and Nizhneartovskaya State Regional Power Plants (unit #3) went through expert examination by the Carbon Fund as joint implementation projects.

Construction of combined-cycle plant at Permskaya GRES (unit #4)

Under the project of construction of a combined-cycle plant at Permskaya GRES (unit #4), technical documentation has already been prepared. This project envisages reduction of emissions by over 1 million tons to be achieved in 2010-2012 as a result of implementation of the project.

The Company supposes to register this project as a joint investment implementation project with a technical target parameter of 982 thousand tons of CO₂ emission reduction in accordance with the established procedure after the required regulatory acts regulating the registration process are adopted.

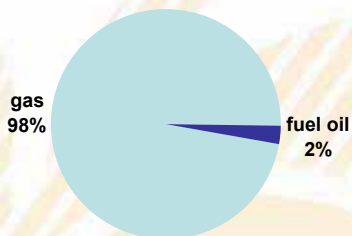
The Company will entrust the process of finding investors and conducting the tender to the ‘Energy Related Carbon Projects’ LLC.

The initial financial parameters of the deal will be determined based on emission reduction costs starting at €7 per 1 ton of CO₂.

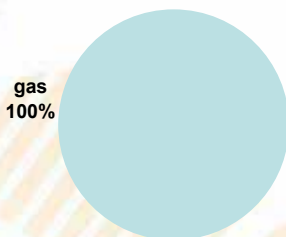
Fuel mix of the Company for 2007

- Gas is the key fuel for the power plants, accounting for 92% of the Company's fuel mix
- The share of gas in the fuel mix of the Company slightly increased in 2007 to compare with 2006
- Supply agreements for limit gas were signed until 2012 and various sources of "commercial" gas are also available

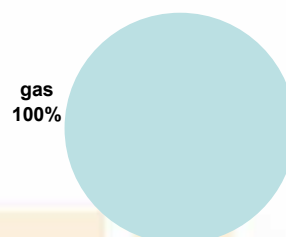
Irikhinskaya GRES



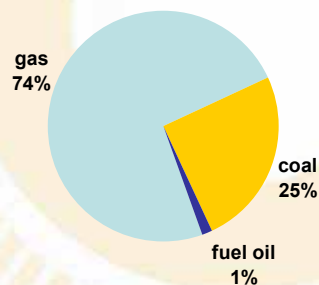
Permskaya GRES



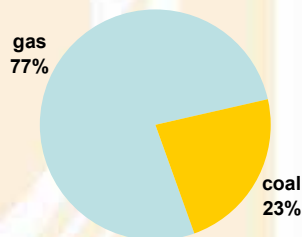
Nizhnevartovskaya GRES



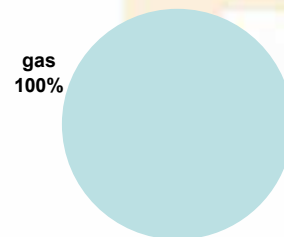
Kashirskaya GRES



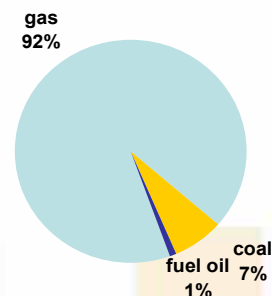
Verkhnetagil'skaya GRES



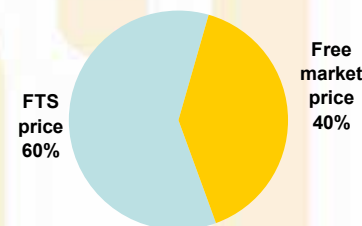
Urengoi'skaya GRES



OGK-1 Fuel mix



Gas supply price structure



- Gas supplied to the power plants of the Company is divided into (1) "limit gas" (within the volumes approved by Gazprom at regulated tariffs set by the FTS); and (2) "commercial gas" (gas from Gazprom beyond the limits and gas from independent producers supplied at free market prices)
- Demand of the Company's power plants for gas is largely covered by the "limit gas" supplies, while the largest share of "commercial gas" (from independent producers) is supplied to Nizhnevartovskaya GRES (100%) and Verkhnetagil'skaya GRES (82%).

Investment Program

Investment program highlights

- Further enhancement of the competitive positions in the free market
- Increase of reliability and safety of the production process
- Diversification of the fuel balance and sources of supply
- Reduction of environmental impact of the production

Plant	Project	Completion	Installed capacity, MW	Cost, mln RUR (incl. VAT)*	Updated cost, mln RUR (incl. VAT)**	Fuel	
KGRES	Reconstruction Unit 3	March 2009	330	8,863	8,863	coal	
PGRES	New Unit 4	June 2011	800	20,800	30,548	natural gas	
NVGRES	New Unit 3	December 2010	800	28,600	33,833	associated gas	
VTGRES	New unit 12	December 2011	450	14,092	28,029	natural gas	
UGRES	New unit	December 2010	450	22,807	22,807	natural gas	
NVGRES	New Unit 4	December 2012	800	29,015	-	associated gas	
VTGRES	New Unit 13	December 2014	450	14,344	-	natural gas	
Total – major projects			4,080	138,521	124,080	n/a	
Other investments		2006-2012		22,041	22,041	n/a	
Total investments			n/a	4,080	160,562	146,121	n/a

Sources of funding of major projects, mln. RUR

Plant	Project	Cost, mln. RUR (with VAT)	Own funds	Additional share issue	Debt	Strategic partner
KGRES	Reconstruction Unit 3	8,863	2,612	3,666	2,585	-
PGRES	New unit 4	20,800	76	10,415	10,309	-
NVGRES	New unit 3	28,600	202	-	20,078	8,320
VTGRES	New unit 12	14,092	80	12,000	2,012	-
UGRES	New unit	22,807	616	21,807	384	-
NVGRES	New unit 4	29,015			29,015	-
VTGRES	New unit 13	14,344			14,344	-
Total - large projects		138,521	3,586	47,888	78,727	8,320

Note:

* Cost as approved by RAO UES on 17th March 2008

**Analytical updated cost based on the results of tenders for EPC and other contractors

Major characteristics of the projects

- All projects assume commissioning of a technologically advanced generating equipment
- Preliminary estimates show high economic viability of the majority of the projects

Project	Technical and economic parameters	Construction cost (incl. VAT)
KGRES Unit 330 MW (2009)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Fuel – coal Fuel consumption – 335 gfe/kWh Efficiency rate – 37.3% Annual production – 1,650 mln kWh 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> NPV = 4,613 mln. RUR ⁴⁾ IRR = 13.9% Payback period ¹⁾ = 13.9 years
PGRES CCGT-800 (2011)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Fuel – natural gas Fuel consumption – 218 gfe/kWh Efficiency rate – 57-58% Annual production – 4,400 mln kWh 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> NPV = 8,157 mln. RUR ⁴⁾ IRR = 14.98% Payback period = 14.72 years
NVGRES Unit 3 CCGT-800 (2010)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Fuel – DSG ²⁾ Fuel consumption – 218 gfe/kWh Efficiency rate – 57-58% Annual production – 4,800 mln kWh 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> NPV = 3,022 mln. RUR ⁵⁴⁾ IRR = 11.4% Payback period = 20.57 years
VTGRES Unit 330 MW (2011)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Fuel – natural gas Fuel consumption – 233 gfe/kWh Efficiency rate – 52.6% Annual production – 2,145 mln kWh 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> NPV = (549) mln. RUR ⁴⁾ IRR = 9.5% Payback period = 19 years
UGRES CCGT – 450 (2010)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Fuel – natural gas Fuel consumption – 251 gfe/kWh Efficiency rate – 51% Annual production – 2,475 mln kWh 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> NPV = (2.27) mln. RUR ⁴⁾ IRR = 8.5% Payback period = na
NVGRES Unit 4 CCGT-800 (2012)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Fuel – DSG ²⁾ Fuel consumption – 218 gfe/kWh Efficiency rate – 57-58% Annual production – 4,800 mln kWh 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> NPV = (2,343) mln. RUR ⁴⁾ IRR = 9% Payback period = na
VTGRES Unit 330 MW (2014)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Fuel – natural gas Fuel consumption – 233 gfe/kWh Efficiency rate – 52.6% Annual production – 2,277 mln kWh 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> NPV = (294) mln. RUR ⁴⁾ IRR = 9.61% Payback period = 25 years

¹⁾ Discounted payback period

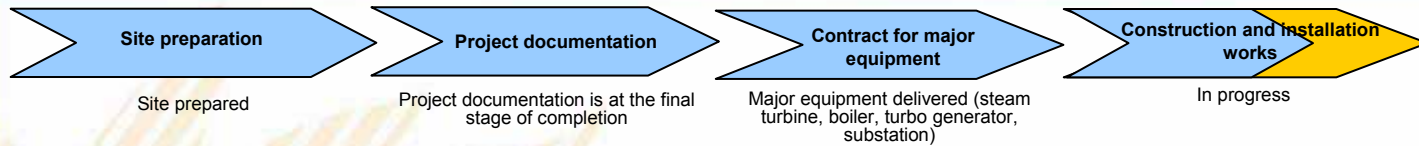
²⁾ DSG - Dry Stripped Gas

³⁾ The RUR / USD exchange rate was set at 24.00

⁴⁾ Economic indicators (NPV, IRR, payback periods) are calculated based on the cost of projects as approved by the Management Board of RAO UES on 17th March 2008

Projects implementation schedule

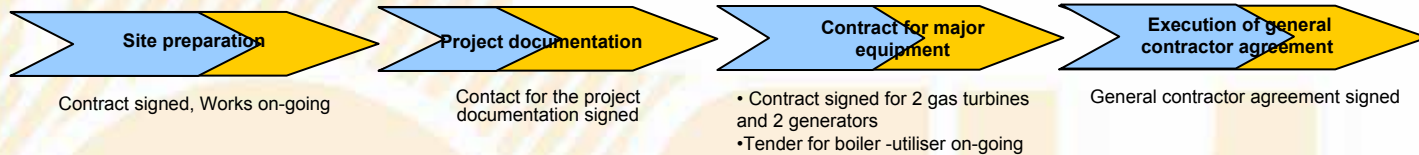
KGRES – Unit 330 MW



2008 (2009) *

Пуск энергоблока

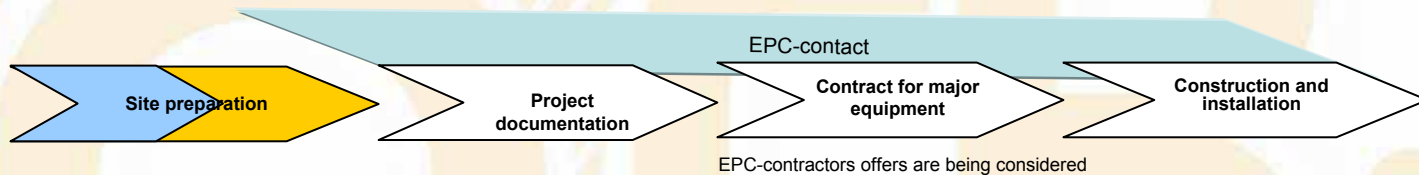
UGRES – CCGT 450



2009 (2010) *

Пуск энергоблока

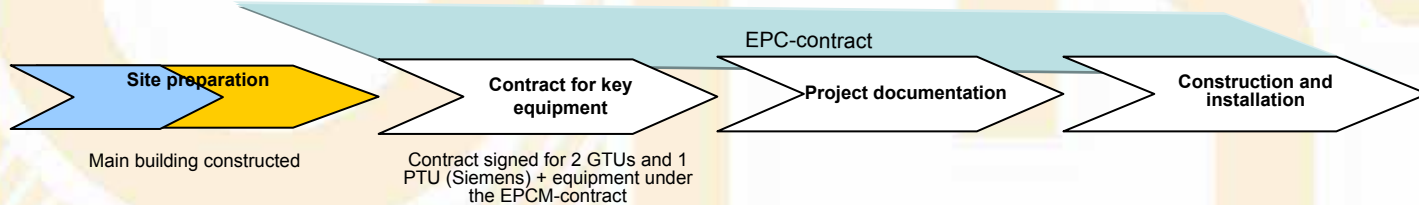
NVGRES – CCGT-800 – Unit 3



2012 (2010) *

Пуск энергоблока

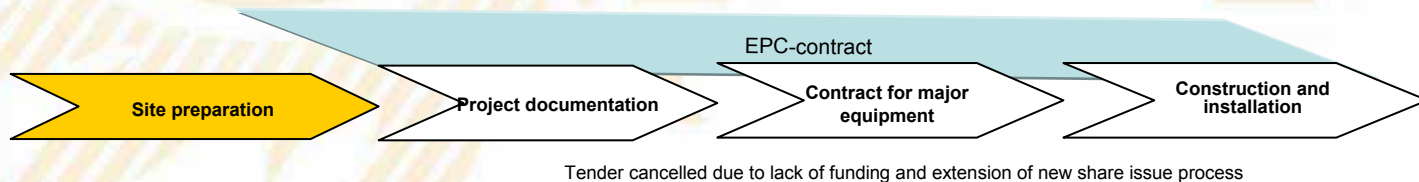
PGRES – CCGT-800



2010 (2011) *

Пуск энергоблока

VTGRES – Unit 12



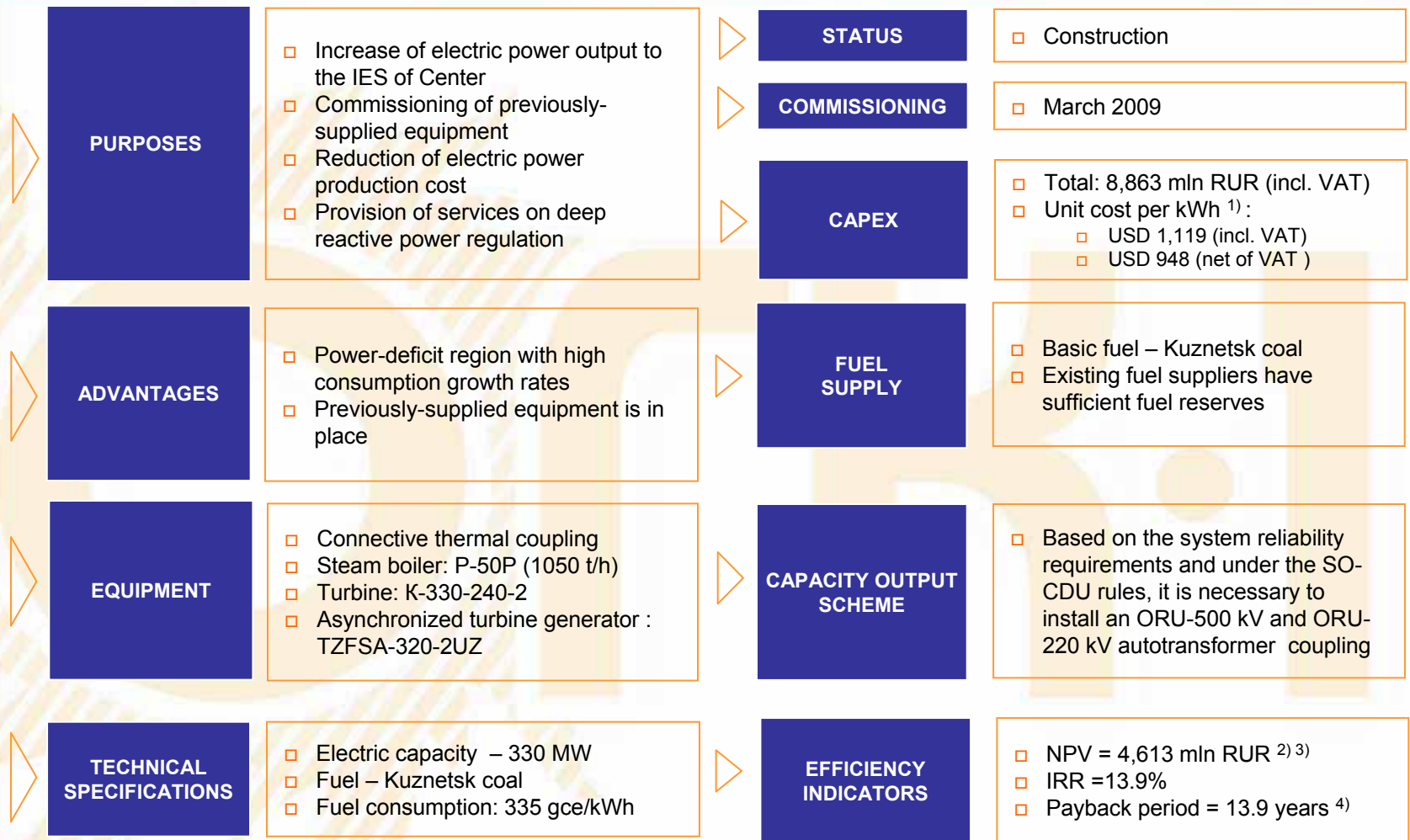
2011 (2011) *

Пуск энергоблока



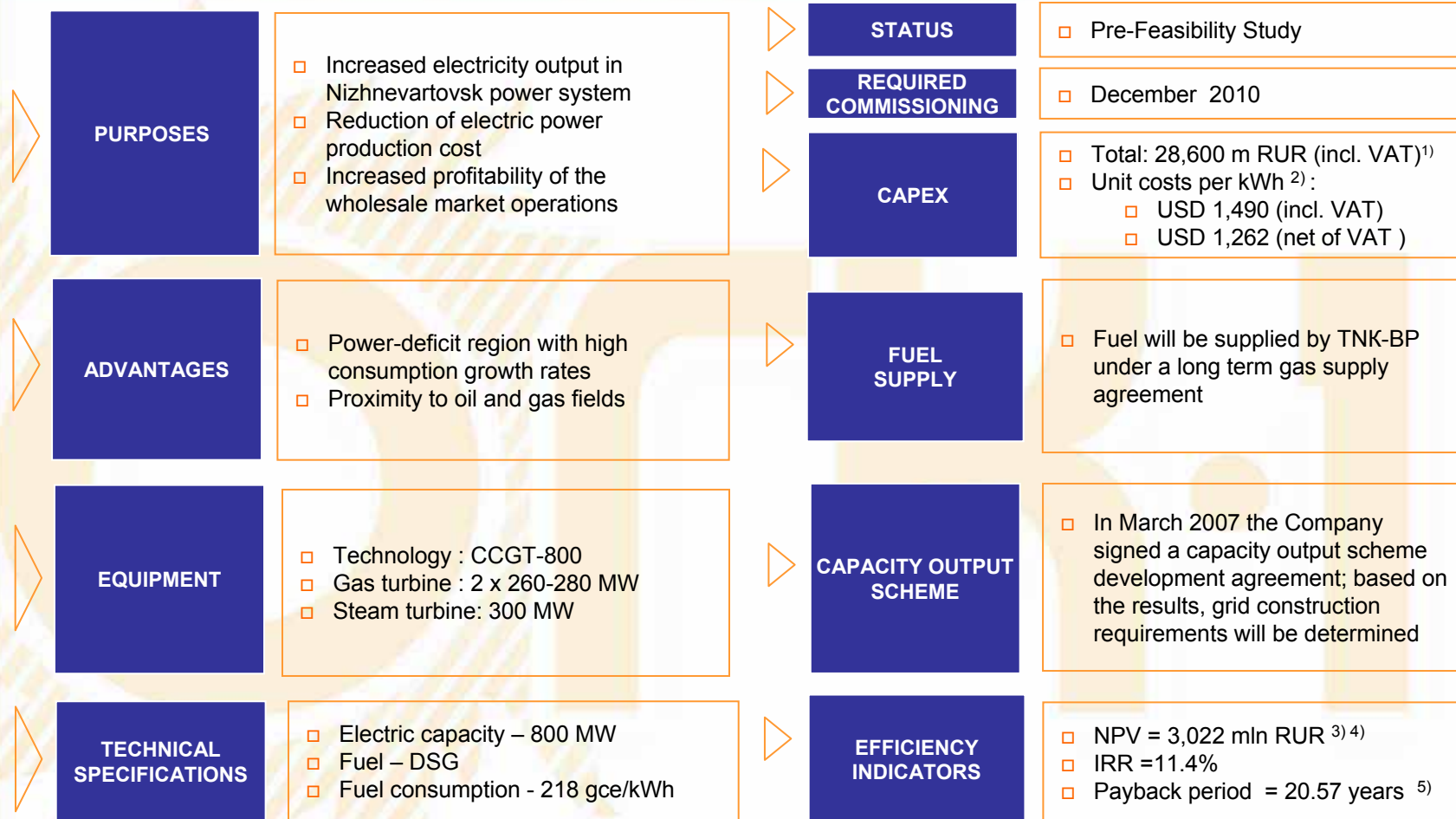
* Completion as per Capacity supply Agreement (Approved completion dates)

KGRES: construction of 330 MW unit



1) RUR / USD exchange rate assumed at 24.00
 2) Discount rate assumed at 10%
 3) The information was provided based on the approved Investment Program
 4) Discounted payback period

NVGRES: construction of 800 MW Unit 3



¹⁾ This sum was approved by Management Board of RAO UES on 17.03.2008 (Protocol № 1838np/1 dated 17.03.08) and is subject to negotiations with EPC-contractor

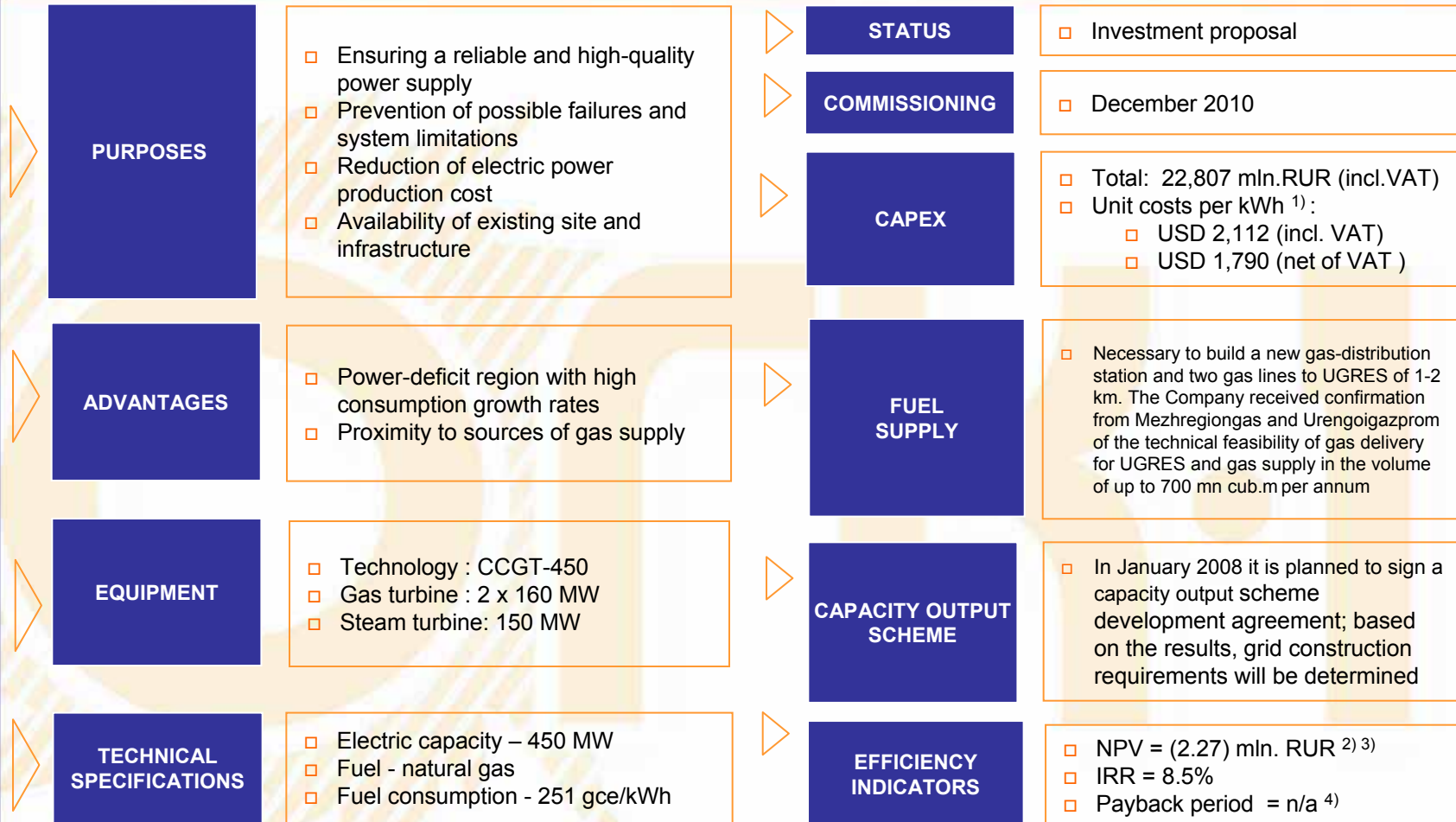
²⁾ The RUR / USD exchange rate assumed at 24.00

³⁾ Discount rate assumed at 10%

⁴⁾ The information is provided based on the approved Investment Program

⁵⁾ Discounted payback period

UGRES: construction of 450 MW unit



¹⁾ The RUR / USD exchange rate assumed at 24.00

²⁾ Discount rate assumed at 10%

³⁾ The information is provided based on the approved Investment Program

⁴⁾ Discounted payback period

Operational figures

	6 months of 2007	6 months of 2008	Change, %
Electricity production, m kWh	22,723	25,127	10.58%
Electricity net output, m kWh	21,628	23,949	10.73%
Heat output, '000 Gcal	782	781	-0.14%
Fuel consumption rate for electricity, gfe/kWh	329.3	329.9	0.18%
Fuel consumption rate for heat, kgfe/Gcal	168.3	169.1	0.48%
Load factor, %	54.88	60.35	9.97%
Fuel mix, % (gas / coal / fuel oil)	92.6 / 6.9 / 0.5	90.1 / 9.1 / 0.8	-